

Far-Right Homicide: Loners, Lone Wolves, and Wolf Packs

Jeff Gruenewald, University of Arkansas Steven Chermak, Michigan State University Joshua D. Freilich, CUNY, John Jay College William Parkin, Seattle University

This research was supported by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Science and Technology Directorate's Office of University Programs and Human Factors/Behavioral Sciences Division (HFD) through START. Any opinions, findings, conclusions or recommendations presented here are solely the authors' and are not representative of DHS or the United States Government.



Comparing Loners, Lone Wolves, and Wolf Packs

Research Question: How does the nature of farright homicide offending compare across group affiliation and cooffending categories.

Variables of Interest:

- Demographics
- Prior Arrests
- Mental Illness
- Primary Affiliation
- Ideological Issue
- Weapon Use
- Number of Victims



Extremist Crime Database (ECDB)

- Created in 2006, funded by DHS S&T through START Center
- Open-source, relational data on incidents, suspects, victims, targets
- ECDB includes open-source data on:
 - Far-right, eco-terrorism, and Al Qaeda & affiliated movements
 - Violence and financial crimes
 - Ideological and non-ideological
 - Federally-investigated and state-level cases
 - Anti-government, anti-social minority, and single issue targets



Far-Right Homicide Inclusion Criteria

- One or more offenders deemed a far-right extremist
- One or more offenders indicted for crime or killed during attack
- 1 or more victims killed
- Occurred in the United States
- Homicide was ideologically motivated



		Lone Wolf (n=26)	
Carry out homicide alone?	Yes		
Member of informal or formal group?	No		



		Lone Wolf (n=26)	
Carry out homicide alone?	Yes	Yes	
Member of informal or formal group?	No	Yes	



	Loner (n=39)	Lone Wolf (n=26)	
Carry out homicide alone?	Yes	Yes	No
Member of informal or formal group?	No	Yes	Yes



Far-Right Loner

- Avg. age: 37
- Prior arrests: 64%
- Drug/alcohol use: 31%
- Mental illness: 41%
- Top affiliations:
 - White supremacists (39%)
 - Single issue (33%)

- Top ideological issues:
 - Anti-race/ethnicity (36%)
 - Anti-government (23%)
- Most prevalent weapon used: Gun (82%)
- Multiple victims: 21%



Far-Right Lone Wolf

- Avg. age: 32
- Prior arrests: 57%
- Drug/alcohol use: 35%
- Mental illness: 19%
- Top affiliations:
 - Neo Nazi (42%)
 - White Supremacist (35%)

- Top ideological issues:
 - Anti-race/ethnicity (50%)
 - Anti-homeless (19%)
- Most prevalent weapon used: Gun (44%)
- Multiple victims: 12%



Far-Right Wolf Pack

- Avg. age: 21
- Prior arrests: 55%
- Drug/alcohol use: 42%
- Mental illness: 3%
- Top affiliations:
 - Neo Nazi (58%)
 - White Supremacist (39%)

- Top ideological issues:
 - Anti-race/ethnicity (61%)
 - Anti-homeless (16%)
- Most prevalent weapon used: Knife (44%)
- Multiple victims: 3%



Follow Up Study on "Loners"

Multivariate analyses indicated that loner homicides were significantly more likely to involve suspects:

- with military backgrounds
- with histories of mental illness
- who are divorced/separated/widowed
- who are relatively young

And loner homicides were more likely to occur after the 9/11 terrorist attacks



Suggested Policy Implications

- Continue to facilitate partnerships and networks through which critical information can be shared
 - Utilize partnerships with military intelligence
 - Utilize partnerships with social service agencies
- Use the Internet to prevent far-right attacks and engage in counter-propaganda efforts
- Sharpen threat assessment tools through comparative analyses



Contact

Jeff Gruenewald, PhD University of Arkansas

jgruenew@uark.edu

www.start.umd.edu